(Expressed in Renminbi)

## 1 Significant accounting policies

#### (a) Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with all applicable Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards (which includes all applicable Statements of Standard Accounting Practice and Interpretations) issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") (formerly named Hong Kong Society of Accountants), accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and the requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. These financial statements also comply with the applicable disclosure provisions of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules"). A summary of the significant accounting policies adopted by the Group is set out below.

#### (b) Basis of preparation of the financial statements

The measurement basis used in the preparation of the financial statements is historical cost.

#### (c) Subsidiaries

A subsidiary, in accordance with the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, is a company in which the Group, directly or indirectly, holds more than half of the issued share capital, or controls more than half of the voting power, or controls the composition of the board of directors. Subsidiaries are considered to be controlled if the Company has the power, directly or indirectly, to govern the financial and operating policies, so as to obtain benefits from their activities.

An investment in a controlled subsidiary is consolidated into the consolidated financial statements, unless it is acquired and held exclusively with a view to subsequent disposal in the near future or operates under severe long-term restrictions which significantly impair its ability to transfer funds to the Group, in which case, it is stated in the consolidated balance sheet at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in the consolidated income statement as they arise.

All significant intra-group balances and transactions, and any unrealised profit arising from intragroup transactions, are eliminated in preparing the consolidated financial statements. Unrealised losses resulting from intra-group transactions are eliminated in the same way as unrealised gains, but only to the extent that there is no evidence of impairment.

Minority interests at the balance sheet date, being the portion of the net assets of subsidiaries attributable to equity interests that are not owned by the Company, whether directly or indirectly through subsidiaries, are presented in the consolidated balance sheet separately from liabilities and the shareholders' equity. Minority interests in the results of the Group for the year are also separately presented in the consolidated income statement.

#### (c) Subsidiaries (cont'd)

In the Company's balance sheet, an investment in a subsidiary is stated at cost less any impairment losses (see note 1(i)), unless it is acquired and held exclusively with a view to subsequent disposal in the near future or operates under severe long-term restrictions which significantly impair its ability to transfer funds to the Company, in which case, it is stated at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in the income statement as they arise.

#### (d) Associates

An associate is an entity in which the Group has significant influence, but not control or joint control, over its management, including participation in the financial and operating policy decisions.

The Group's share of the post-acquisition results of its associates for the year is not considered material and therefore is not included in the consolidated income statement. In the consolidated balance sheet, interest in associates is stated at cost less impairment losses (see note 1(i)), unless it is acquired and held exclusively with a view to subsequent disposal in the near future or operates under severe long-term restrictions that significantly impair its ability to transfer funds to the investor, in which case, it is stated at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in the income statement as they arise.

#### (e) Goodwill

Positive goodwill arising on consolidation represents the excess of the cost of the acquisition over the Group's share of the fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities acquired. In respect of controlled subsidiaries:

- for acquisitions before 1 January 2001, positive goodwill is eliminated against reserves and is reduced by impairment losses recognised in the consolidated income statement (see note 1(i)); and
- for acquisitions on or after 1 January 2001, positive goodwill is amortised to the consolidated income statement on a straight-line basis over 20 years. Positive goodwill is stated in the consolidated balance sheet at cost less accumulated amortisation and any impairment losses (see note 1(i)).

Negative goodwill arising on acquisitions of controlled subsidiaries represents the excess of the Group's share of the fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities acquired over the cost of the acquisition. Negative goodwill is accounted for as follows:

for acquisitions before 1 January 2001, negative goodwill is credited to a capital reserve; and

#### (e) Goodwill (cont'd)

for acquisitions on or after 1 January 2001, to the extent that negative goodwill relates to an expectation of future losses and expenses that are identified in the plan of acquisition and can be measured reliably, but which have not yet been recognised, it is recognised in the consolidated income statement when the future losses and expenses are recognised. Any remaining negative goodwill, but not exceeding the fair values of the non-monetary assets acquired, is recognised in the consolidated income statement over the weighted average useful life of those non-monetary assets that are depreciable/amortisable. Negative goodwill in excess of the fair values of the non-monetary assets acquired is recognised immediately in the consolidated income statement.

In respect of any negative goodwill not yet recognised in the consolidated income statement, it is shown in the consolidated balance sheet as a deduction from assets in the same balance sheet classification as positive goodwill.

#### (f) Other investments in securities

The Group's and the Company's policies for investments in securities other than investments in subsidiaries and associates are as follows:

- (i) Investments held on a continuing basis for an identified long-term purpose are classified as investment securities. Investment securities are stated in the balance sheet at cost less any provisions for diminution in value. Provisions are made when the fair values have declined below the carrying amounts, unless there is evidence that the decline is temporary, and are recognised as an expense in the income statement, such provisions being determined for each investment individually.
- (ii) Profits or losses on disposal of investments in securities are determined as the difference between the estimated net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the investments and are accounted for in the income statement as they arise.

#### (g) Fixed assets and depreciation

- (i) Fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses (see note 1(i)).
- (ii) The cost of fixed assets comprises the purchase price and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use. Expenditure incurred after the fixed asset has been put into operation, such as repairs and maintenance and overhaul costs, is normally charged to the income statement in the period in which it is incurred. In situations where it can be clearly demonstrated that the expenditure has resulted in an increase in the future economic benefits expected to be obtained from the use of the fixed asset, the expenditure is capitalised as an additional cost of the fixed asset.
- (iii) Gains or losses arising from the retirement or disposal of a fixed asset are determined as the difference between the estimated net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the assets and are recognised in the income statement on the date of retirement or disposal.
- (iv) Depreciation is calculated to write-off the cost of fixed assets on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives, to residual values, as follows:

	Depreciable life	Residual value
Land use rights	Over the period of grant	_
Buildings	8 – 35 years	3%
Telecommunications transceivers,		
switching centres, transmission		
and other network equipment	7 – 10 years	3%
Office equipment, furniture and		
fixtures and others	4 – 18 years	3%

#### (h) Leased assets

Leases of assets under which the lessee assumes substantially all the risks and benefits of ownership are classified as finance leases.

#### (h) Leased assets (cont'd)

Where the Group acquires the use of assets under finance leases, the amounts representing the fair value of the leased asset, or, if lower, the present value of the minimum lease payments, of such assets are included in the fixed assets and the corresponding liabilities, net of finance charges, are recorded as obligations under finance leases. Depreciation is provided at rates which write off the cost of the assets in equal annual amounts over the term of the relevant lease or, where it is likely the Company or Group will obtain ownership of the asset, the life of the asset, as set out in note 1(g). Impairment losses are accounted for in accordance with the accounting policy as set out in note 1(i). Finance charges implicit in the lease payments are charged to the income statement over the period of the leases so as to produce an approximately constant periodic rate of charge on the remaining balance of the obligations for each accounting period.

#### (i) Impairment of assets

Internal and external sources of information are reviewed at each balance sheet date to identify indications that the following assets may be impaired or an impairment loss previously recognised no longer exists or may have decreased:

- fixed assets;
- construction in progress;
- investments in subsidiaries and associates; and
- positive goodwill (whether taken initially to reserves or recognised as an asset).

If any such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. An impairment loss is recognised in the income statement whenever the carrying amount of an asset (including positive goodwill taken directly to reserves) exceeds its recoverable amount.

(i) Calculation of recoverable amount

The recoverable amount of an asset is the greater of its net selling price and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. Where an asset does not generate cash inflows largely independent of those from other assets, the recoverable amount is determined for the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows independently (i.e. a cash-generating unit).

#### (i) Impairment of assets (cont'd)

(ii) Reversals of impairment losses

In respect of assets other than goodwill, an impairment loss is reversed if there has been a favourable change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss in respect of goodwill is reversed only if the loss was caused by a specific external event of an exceptional nature that is not expected to recur, and the increase in recoverable amount relates clearly to the reversal of the effect of that specific event.

A reversal of impairment losses is limited to the asset's carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised in prior years. Reversals of impairment losses are credited to the income statement in the year in which the reversals are recognised.

#### (j) Construction in progress

Construction in progress is stated at cost less any impairment losses (see note 1(i)). Cost comprises direct costs of construction as well as interest expense and exchange differences capitalised during the periods of construction and installation. Capitalisation of these costs ceases and the construction in progress is transferred to fixed assets when substantially all the activities necessary to prepare the assets for their intended use are completed. No depreciation is provided in respect of construction in progress until it is completed and ready for its intended use.

#### (k) Inventories

Inventories, which consist primarily of handsets, SIM cards and accessories, are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost represents purchase cost of goods calculated using the weighted average cost method. Net realisable value is determined by reference to the sales proceeds of items sold in the ordinary course of business after the balance sheet date or to management's estimates based on prevailing market conditions.

When inventories are sold, the carrying amount of those inventories is recognised as a deduction of other income due to its insignificance. The amount of any write-down of inventories to net realisable value and all losses of inventories are recognised as an expense in the period the write-down or loss occurs. The amount of any reversal of any write-down of inventories, arising from an increase in net realisable value, is recognised as a reduction in the amount of inventories recognised as an expense in the period in which the reversal occurs. No reversal of any write-down of inventories occurred during the years presented.

#### (I) Deferred revenue

Deferred revenue, which consists primarily of deferred revenue from prepaid service fees received from subscribers, deferred tax credit of purchase of domestic telecommunications equipment and deferred revenue from assignment of rights to income from subscribers with distributors of telecommunications services are stated in the balance sheet at the amount of consideration received according to the relevant assignment contracts if applicable, less income recognised in the income statement up to the balance sheet date.

Revenue from prepaid service fees is recognised when the mobile telecommunications services are rendered.

Deferred tax credit of purchase of domestic telecommunications equipment is amortised over the remaining lives of the related fixed assets and credited as non-operating income in the income statement.

Income from assignment of rights is deferred and recognised on a straight-line basis over the relevant assignment period.

#### (m) Fixed rate notes, bonds and convertible notes

Fixed rate notes, bonds and convertible notes are stated in the balance sheet at face value, less unamortised discount arising thereon, if any. The discount is amortised on a straight-line basis over the period from the date of issue to the date of maturity.

#### (n) Deferred expenses

Deferred expenses comprise incidental costs incurred in relation to the issue of the fixed rate notes, bonds and convertible notes of the Group and are amortised on a straight-line basis over the periods from the date of issue to the date of maturity. In the event that the notes are redeemed prior to the maturity date, the unamortised expenses are charged immediately to the income statement.

#### (o) Interest costs

Interest costs are expensed in the income statement in the period in which they are incurred, except to the extent that they are capitalised as being directly attributable to the acquisition or construction of an asset which necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use.

#### (p) Revenue recognition

Provided it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the revenue and costs, if applicable, can be measured reliably, revenue is recognised in the income statement as follows:

- (i) usage fees are recognised as revenue when the service is rendered;
- (ii) monthly fees are recognised as revenue in the month during which the service is rendered;
- (iii) deferred revenue from prepaid services is recognised as income when the mobile telecommunications services are rendered upon actual usage by subscribers;
- (iv) deferred revenue from assignment of rights to income from subscribers is recognised on a straight-line basis over the duration of the assignment period;
- (v) interest income is recognised on a time proportion basis by reference to the principal outstanding and the rate applicable; and
- (vi) sales of SIM cards and handsets are recognised on delivery of goods to the buyer. Such revenue, net of cost of goods sold, is included in other net income due to its insignificance.

#### (q) Allowance for doubtful accounts

An allowance for doubtful accounts is provided based upon evaluation of the recoverability of the receivables at the balance sheet date.

#### (r) Translation of foreign currencies

Foreign currency transactions during the year are translated into Renminbi at the exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into Renminbi at the exchange rates ruling at the balance sheet date. Exchange gains and losses, other than those capitalised as construction in progress, are recognised in the consolidated income statement. Exchange differences attributable to the translation of borrowings denominated in foreign currencies and used for financing the construction of fixed assets, are included in the cost of the related construction in progress. No exchange difference is capitalised to construction in progress during the years presented.

#### (s) Income tax

- (i) Income tax for the year comprises current tax and movements in deferred tax assets and liabilities. Current tax and movements in deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised in the income statement except to the extent that they relate to items recognised directly in equity, in which case they are recognised in equity.
- (ii) Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.
- (iii) Deferred tax assets and liabilities arise from deductible and taxable temporary differences respectively, being the differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and their tax bases. Deferred tax assets also arise from unused tax losses and unused tax credits.

Apart from certain limited exceptions, all deferred tax liabilities, and all deferred tax assets to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the asset can be utilised, are recognised. Future taxable profits that may support the recognition of deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences include those that will arise from the reversal of existing taxable temporary differences, provided those differences relate to the same taxation authority and the same taxable entity, and are expected to reverse either in the same period as the expected reversal of the deductible temporary difference or in periods into which a tax loss arising from the deferred tax asset can be carried back or forward. The same criteria are adopted when determining whether existing taxable temporary differences support the recognition of deferred tax assets arising from unused tax losses and credits, that is, those differences are taken into account if they relate to the same taxation authority and the same taxable entity, and are expected to reverse in a period, or periods, in which the tax loss or credit can be utilised.

The limited exceptions to recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities are those temporary differences arising from goodwill not deductible for tax purposes, negative goodwill treated as deferred income, the initial recognition of assets or liabilities that affect neither accounting nor taxable profit (provided they are not part of a business combination), and temporary differences relating to investments in subsidiaries to the extent that, in the case of taxable differences, the Group controls the timing of the reversal and it is probable that the differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future, or in the case of deductible differences, unless it is probable that they will reverse in the future.

#### (s) Income tax (cont'd)

(iii) (cont'd)

The amount of deferred tax recognised is measured based on the expected manner of realisation or settlement of the carrying amount of the assets and liabilities, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

The carrying amount of a deferred tax asset is reviewed at each balance sheet date and is reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow the related tax benefit to be utilised. Any such reduction is reversed to the extent that it becomes probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available.

- (iv) Current tax balances and deferred tax balances, and movements therein, are presented separately from each other and are not offset. Current tax assets are offset against current tax liabilities, and deferred tax assets against deferred tax liabilities if, and only if, the Company or the Group has the legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the following additional conditions are met:
  - in the case of current tax assets and liabilities, the Company or the Group intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously; or
  - in the case of deferred tax assets and liabilities, if they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either:
    - the same taxable entity; or
    - different taxable entities, which, in each future period in which significant amounts
      of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered, intend
      to realise the current tax assets and settle the current tax liabilities on a net basis
      or realise and settle simultaneously.

#### (t) Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised for liabilities of uncertain timing or amount when the Company or Group has a legal or constructive obligation arising as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made. Where the time value of money is material, provisions are stated at the present value of the expenditures expected to settle the obligation.

#### (t) Provisions and contingent liabilities (cont'd)

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote.

#### (u) Employee benefits

- (i) Salaries, annual bonuses, paid annual leave, leave passage and the cost to the Group of nonmonetary benefits are accrued in the year in which associated services are rendered by employees of the Group. Where payment or settlement is deferred and the effect would be material, these amounts are stated at their present values.
- (ii) The Company's contributions to Mandatory Provident Funds, as required under the Hong Kong Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance, are recognised as an expense in the income statement as incurred.
- (iii) The employees of the subsidiaries participate in defined contribution retirement plans managed by the local government authorities whereby the subsidiaries are required to contribute to the schemes at fixed rates of the employees' salary costs. In addition to the local governmental defined contribution retirement plans, certain subsidiaries also participate in supplementary defined contribution retirement plans managed by independent insurance companies whereby the subsidiaries are required to make contributions to the retirement plans at fixed rates of the employees' salary costs or in accordance with the terms of the plans. The Group's contributions to these plans are charged to the income statement when incurred. The subsidiaries have no obligation for the payment of retirement and other postretirement benefits of staff other than the contributions described above.
- (iv) When the Group grants employees options to acquire shares of the Company, no employee benefit cost or obligation is recognised at the date of grant. When the options are exercised, equity is increased by the amount of the proceeds received.
- (v) Termination benefits are recognised when, and only when the Group demonstrably commits itself to terminate employment or to provide benefits as a result of voluntary redundancy by having a detailed formal plan which is without realistic possibility of withdrawal.

#### (v) Operating leases

Leases of assets under which the lessor has not transferred all the risks and benefits of ownership are classified as operating leases.

Where the Group has the use of assets under operating lease, payments made under the leases are charged to the income statement in equal instalments over the accounting periods covered by the lease term, except where an alternative basis is more representative of the pattern of benefits to be derived from the leased asset. Lease incentives received are recognised in the income statement as an integral part of the aggregate net lease payments made. Contingent rentals are charged to the income statement in the accounting period in which they are incurred. There is no contingent rentals recognised by the Group during the years presented.

#### (w) Related parties

For the purposes of these financial statements, parties are considered to be related to the Group if the Group has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control the party or exercise significant influence over the party in making financial and operating decisions, or vice versa, or where the Group and the party are subject to common control or common significant influence. Related parties may be individuals or other entities.

All material related parties transactions have been disclosed in the relevant notes on the financial statements.

#### (x) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and on hand, demand deposits with banks, and short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, having been within three months of maturity at acquisition.

#### (y) Segment reporting

A segment is a distinguishable component of the Group that is engaged either in providing products or services (business segment), or in providing products or services within a particular economic environment (geographical segment), which is subject to risks and rewards that are different from those of other segments.

#### (y) Segment reporting (cont'd)

No analysis of the Group's turnover and contribution to profit from operations by geographical segment or business segment has been presented as all the Group's operating activities are carried out in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") and less than 10 per cent. of the Group's turnover and contribution to profit from operations were derived from activities outside the Group's mobile telecommunications and related services activities. There is no other geographical or business segment with segment assets equal to or greater than 10 per cent. of the Group's total assets.

#### 2 Recently issued accounting standards

HKICPA has issued a number of new and revised Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("new HKFRSs") which are effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2005.

The Group has not early adopted these new HKFRSs in the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2004. The Group has commenced an assessment of the impact of these new HKFRSs but is not yet in a position to state whether these new HKFRSs would have a significant impact on its results of operations and financial position.

#### 3 Turnover

The principal activities of the Group are the provision of mobile telecommunications and related services in thirty-one provinces, autonomous regions and municipalities of the PRC. The principal activity of the Company is investment holding.

Turnover represents usage fees, monthly fees and other operating revenue derived from the Group's mobile telecommunications networks, net of PRC business tax and government surcharges. Business tax and government surcharges are charged at 3.0 to 3.3 per cent. of the corresponding revenue.

Other operating revenue mainly represents charges for wireless data and value added services and interconnection revenue.

## 4 Other operating expenses

Other operating expenses primarily comprise selling and promotion expenses, provision for doubtful accounts, operating lease charges, maintenance charges, debt collection fees, spectrum charges, writeoff of fixed assets and other miscellaneous expenses.

## 5 Other net income

Other net income represents of the gross margin from sales of SIM cards and handsets.

	2004 RMB million	2003 RMB million
Sales of SIM cards and handsets Cost of SIM cards and handsets	6,035 (2,868)	5,305 (2,841)
	3,167	2,464

# 6 Non-operating net income

	2004 RMB million	2003 RMB million
Exchange gain /(loss)	21	(38)
Penalty income	232	193
Amortisation of deferred tax credit of purchase of domestic		
telecommunications equipment	352	188
Others	295	91
	900	434

## 7 Profit from ordinary activities before taxation

Profit from ordinary activities before taxation is arrived at after charging/(crediting):

		2004 RMB million	2003 RMB million
(a)	Finance costs:		
	Interest on bank loans and other borrowings repayable within five years Interest on bank loans and other borrowings repayable	211	658
	after five years	508	553
	Interest on fixed rate notes	330	394
	Interest on bonds	517	517
	Interest on convertible notes	129	129
	Total interest costs	1,695	2,251
	Less: Amount capitalised as construction in progress (Note)	(16)	(152)
		1,679	2,099

Note: Interest costs have been capitalised at a rate of 3.45 per cent. to 5.75 per cent. (2003: 3.45 per cent. to 6.03 per cent.) per annum for construction in progress.

	2004	2003
	RMB million	RMB million
(b) Other items:		
Depreciation		
— owned assets	44,320	36,583
— assets held under finance leases		28
Loss on disposal of fixed assets	535	795
Amortisation of goodwill	1,930	1,850
Write off of fixed assets	5,900	669
Amortisation of deferred expenses	47	47
Operating lease charges in respect of		
— properties	2,041	1,575
— leased lines	3,861	4,914
— others	1,204	789
Contributions to defined contribution p		546
Provision for doubtful accounts	2,273	2,006
Provision for obsolete inventories	29	16
Auditors' remuneration	63	42
Dividend income	(84)	(48)

## 8 Directors' remuneration

Directors' remuneration disclosed pursuant to section 161 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance is as follows:

	2004 RMB million	2003 RMB million
Fees	3	3
Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind	11	11
Retirement scheme contributions	1	1
Performance related bonuses	3	3
	18	18

Included in the directors' remuneration were fees of RMB1,073,000 (2003: RMB1,120,000) paid to the independent non-executive directors during the year, including fees for serving on the audit committee and remuneration committee of amount RMB499,000 (2003: RMB468,000).

In addition to the above emoluments, certain directors were granted share options under the Company's share option scheme. The details of these benefits in kind are disclosed under the paragraph "Share option scheme" in the report of the directors and in note 32.

The number of directors whose remuneration from the Group falls within the following bands is set out below:

	2004	2003
HK\$ equivalent		
Nil to 1,000,000	8	10
1,000,001 to 1,500,000	1	3
1,500,001 to 2,000,000	4	1
2,000,001 to 2,500,000	2	3

## 9 Five highest paid individuals

Of the five highest paid individuals in 2004, four (2003: four) are directors of the Company and their remuneration has been included in note 8 above. The remuneration of the remaining highest paid individual (2003: one) falls within the band from HK\$1,500,001 to HK\$2,000,000 (2003: from HK\$1,500,001 to HK\$2,000,000) and his aggregate remuneration is as follows:

	2004 RMB million	2003 RMB million
Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind Performance related bonuses	1	1 1
	2	2

During the year, no emoluments were paid by the Group to the five highest paid individuals, including directors, as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office.

## 10 Taxation

#### (a) Taxation in the consolidated income statement represents:

	2004	2003
	RMB million	RMB million
Current tax		
Provision for PRC enterprise income tax on the estimated		
taxable profits for the year	20,145	16,020
Over-provision in respect of PRC enterprise income tax		
for prior year	(357)	(375)
	19,788	15,645
Deferred tax		
Origination and reversal of temporary differences (note 20)	(608)	1,767
	19,180	17,412

 No provision has been made for Hong Kong profits tax as there were no estimated Hong Kong assessable profits for the years ended 31 December 2004 and 2003.

(ii) The provision for the PRC enterprise income tax is based on a statutory rate of 33 per cent. of the assessable profit of the Group as determined in accordance with the relevant income tax rules and regulations of the PRC during the year, except for certain subsidiaries of the Company and certain operations of the subsidiaries located within special economic zones in the PRC, which enjoy a preferential rate of 30 per cent. and 15 per cent. respectively.

## 10 Taxation (cont'd)

(b)	Reconciliation	between incon	ne tax expense	and accounting	profit at	applicable tax rates
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	The	The Group		
	2004 RMB million	2003 RMB million		
Expected PRC taxation at statutory tax rates Non-taxable items	20,198	17,477		
— Interest income	(26)	(12)		
Non-deductible expenses on PRC operations	551	1,059		
Non-deductible expenses on Hong Kong operations	217	324		
Rate differential on PRC operations	(1,390)	(1,286)		
Rate differential on Hong Kong operations	166	277		
Reversal of deferred taxation due to change of tax rate	(13)	17		
Over-provision for prior year	(357)	(375)		
Others	(166)	(69)		
Income tax	19,180	17,412		
		)		

(c) Current taxation in the consolidated balance sheets represents:

	The	The Group		
	2004	2003		
	RMB million	RMB million		
Provision for PRC enterprise income tax for the year	20,145	16,020		
Balance of PRC enterprise income tax payable relating				
to prior year	98	539		
Balance of PRC enterprise income tax payable arising				
on acquisition of subsidiaries	490	—		
PRC enterprise income tax paid	(14,304)	(12,301)		
Balance at 31 December	6,429	4,258		
Add: Tax recoverable	235	258		
Tax payable	6,664	4,516		

## **11** Profit attributable to shareholders

The consolidated profit attributable to shareholders includes a loss of RMB1,073,000,000 (2003: loss of RMB1,787,000,000) which has been dealt with in the financial statements of the Company.

Reconciliation of the above amount to the Company's profit for the year:

	2004 RMB million	2003 RMB million
Amount of consolidated profit attributable to shareholders dealt with in the Company's financial statements Final dividends from subsidiaries attributable to the profits	(1,073)	(1,787)
of the previous financial year, approved and paid during the year	25,978	27,301
Company's profit for the year (note 33(b))	24,905	25,514

## 12 Dividends

#### (a) Dividends attributable to the year:

	2004 RMB million	2003 RMB million
Interim dividend declared and paid of HK\$0.20 (equivalent to approximately RMB0.21) (2003: HK\$0.16 (equivalent to approximately RMB0.17)) per share Final dividend proposed after the balance sheet date of HK\$0.46 (equivalent to approximately RMB0.49) (2003: HK\$0.20 (equivalent to approximately RMB0.21))	4,175	3,339
per share	9,614	4,178
	13,789	7,517
		)

The final dividend proposed after the balance sheet date has not been recognised as a liability at the balance sheet date.

## 12 Dividends (cont'd)

(b) Dividends attributable to the previous financial year, approved and paid during the year:

	2004 RMB million	2003 RMB million
Final dividend in respect of the previous financial year, approved and paid during the year, of HK\$0.20 (equivalent to approximately RMB0.21) (2003:HK\$0.32 (equivalent to approximately RMB0.34)) per share	4.174	6,679
(. H		- / -

## 13 Earnings per share

#### (a) Basic earnings per share

The calculation of basic earnings per share for the year is based on the profit attributable to shareholders of RMB42,004,000,000 (2003: RMB35,556,000,000) and the weighted average number of 19,673,185,236 shares (2003: 19,671,653,899 shares) in issue during the year.

#### (b) Diluted earnings per share

The calculation of diluted earnings per share for the year is based on the adjusted profit attributable to shareholders of RMB42,133,000,000 (2003: RMB35,685,000,000), after adding back the interest expense on the convertible notes, and the weighted average number of 19,774,092,867 shares (2003: 19,762,812,436 shares) issued and issuable after adjusting for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares, as if all the outstanding share options and convertible notes issued by the Company had been exercised or converted into ordinary shares at the date of issue.

# 13 Earnings per share (cont'd)

## (c) Reconciliations

	2004 RMB million	2003 RMB million
Profit attributable to shareholders used in calculating basic earnings per share Interest expense on the convertible notes	42,004 129	35,556 129
Profit attributable to shareholders used in calculating diluted earnings per share	42,133	35,685

	2004 Number of shares	2003 Number of shares
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used in calculating basic earnings per share Deemed issue of ordinary shares for no consideration	19,673,185,236 100,907,631	19,671,653,899 91,158,537
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used in calculating diluted earnings per share	19,774,092,867	19,762,812,436

## 14 Fixed assets

#### (a) The Group

	Land use rights and buildings RMB million	Tele- communications transceivers, switching centres, transmission and other network equipment RMB million	Office equipment, furniture and fixtures and others RMB million	<b>Total</b> RMB million
Cost:				
At 1 January 2004	24,957	233,026	11,600	269,583
Acquired on acquisition of	,	,	,	,
subsidiaries	6,533	30,203	1,679	38,415
Additions	334	1,578	1,064	2,976
Transferred from construction				
in progress	7,138	52,256	259	59,653
Disposals	(105)	(2,324)	(160)	(2,589)
Assets written-off	(18)	(23,708)	(383)	(24,109)
At 31 December 2004	38,839	291,031	14,059	343,929
Accumulated depreciation:				
At 1 January 2004	2,359	90,981	4,639	97,979
Acquired on acquisition of				
subsidiaries	184	3,341	212	3,737
Charge for the year	1,536	41,157	1,627	44,320
Written back on disposals	(25)	(1,828)	(108)	(1,961)
Assets written-off	(11)	(17,876)	(322)	(18,209)
At 31 December 2004	4,043	115,775	6,048	125,866
Net book value:				
At 31 December 2004	34,796	175,256	8,011	218,063
At 31 December 2003	22,598	142,045	6,961	171,604

## 14 Fixed assets (cont'd)

(b) The Company

	Office equipment, furniture and fixtures and others RMB million
Cost:	
At 1 January 2004	7
Additions	2
At 31 December 2004	9
Accumulated depreciation:	
At 1 January 2004	5
Charge for the year	1
At 31 December 2004	6
Net book value:	
At 31 December 2004	3
At 31 December 2003	2

(c) The analysis of net book value of land use rights and buildings is as follows:

	The Group		
	2004 RMB million	2003 RMB million	
Long leases Medium-term leases Short-term leases	1,097 33,480 219	563 22,008 27	
	34,796	22,598	
		/	

All of the Group's buildings are located outside Hong Kong.

(d) The Group leases certain telecommunications equipment under finance leases. None of the leases includes contingent rentals.

## 15 Construction in progress

Construction in progress comprises expenditure incurred on the network expansion projects and construction of office buildings not yet completed at 31 December 2004.

## 16 Goodwill

	The Group	
		Positive goodwill carried in
	Goodwill	reserves
	RMB million	RMB million
Cost:		
At 1 January 2004	37,159	296,800
Addition arising on acquisition of subsidiaries	2,857	
At 31 December 2004	40,016	296,800
Accumulated amortisation:		
At 1 January 2004	2,786	—
Amortisation for the year	1,930	
At 31 December 2004	4,716	
Carrying amount:		
At 31 December 2004	35,300	296,800
At 31 December 2003	34,373	296,800

## 17 Investments in subsidiaries

	The Company	
	2004 RMB million	2003 RMB million
Unlisted equity investments, at cost	468,222	438,012

Pursuant to a resolution passed at the extraordinary general meeting held on 16 June 2004, the Company acquired the entire issued share capital of Neimenggu Mobile (BVI) Limited ("Neimenggu Mobile BVI"), Jilin Mobile (BVI) Limited ("Jilin Mobile BVI"), Heilongjiang Mobile (BVI) Limited ("Heilongjiang Mobile BVI"), Guizhou Mobile (BVI) Limited ("Guizhou Mobile BVI"), Yunnan Mobile (BVI) Limited ("Yunnan Mobile BVI"), Xizang Mobile (BVI) Limited ("Xizang Mobile BVI"), Gansu Mobile (BVI) Limited ("Gansu Mobile BVI"), Qinghai Mobile (BVI) Limited ("Qinghai Mobile BVI"), Ningxia Mobile (BVI) Limited ("Ningxia Mobile BVI"), Xinjiang Mobile (BVI) Limited ("Xinjiang Mobile BVI"), Beijing P&T Consulting & Design Institute (BVI) Limited ("Zhongjing Design Institute BVI") and China Mobile Communication (BVI) Limited ("CMC BVI") from China Mobile Hong Kong (BVI) Limited ("CMHK BVI"). The acquisition was completed on 1 July 2004. The only assets of each of Neimenggu Mobile BVI, Jilin Mobile BVI, Heilongjiang Mobile BVI, Guizhou Mobile BVI, Yunnan Mobile BVI, Xizang Mobile BVI, Gansu Mobile BVI, Qinghai Mobile BVI, Ningxia Mobile BVI, Xinjiang Mobile BVI, Zhongjing Design Institute BVI and CMC BVI are their interests in the entire equity of Neimenggu Mobile Communication Company Limited ("Neimenggu Mobile"), Jilin Mobile Communication Company Limited ("Jilin Mobile"), Heilongjiang Mobile Communication Company Limited ("Heilongjiang Mobile"), Guizhou Mobile Communication Company Limited ("Guizhou Mobile"), Yunnan Mobile Communication Company Limited ("Yunnan Mobile"), Xizang Mobile Communication Company Limited ("Xizang Mobile"), Gansu Mobile Communication Company Limited ("Gansu Mobile"), Qinghai Mobile Communication Company Limited ("Qinghai Mobile"), Ningxia Mobile Communication Company Limited ("Ningxia Mobile"), Xinjiang Mobile Communication Company Limited ("Xinjiang Mobile"), Beijing P&T Consulting & Design Institute Company Limited ("Jingyi Design Institute") and China Mobile Communication Company Limited ("CMC"), respectively, at a consideration of US\$3,650,000,000 (equivalent to RMB30,210,000,000).

Amounts due from subsidiaries under current assets are unsecured, non-interest bearing, repayable on demand and arose in the ordinary course of business. Amount due to subsidiary included under non-current liabilities represents amount due to Guangdong Mobile Communication Company Limited ("Guangdong Mobile") in relation to the guaranteed bonds, which is unsecured, interest bearing and repayable over one year (see note 26(f)).

Details of the principal subsidiaries at 31 December 2004 are as follows:

Name of company	Place of incorporation and operation	Particulars of issued and paid up capital	Proport ownership Held by the Company		Principal activity
Guangdong Mobile*	PRC	RMB5,594,840,700	100%		Mobile telecommunications operator
Zhejiang Mobile Communication Company Limited* ("Zhejiang Mobile")	PRC	RMB2,117,790,000	100%	_	Mobile telecommunications operator
Jiangsu Mobile (BVI) Limited	BVI	1 share at HK\$1	100%	_	Investment holding company
Jiangsu Mobile Communication Company Limited* ("Jiangsu Mobile")	PRC	RMB2,800,000,000	-	100%	Mobile telecommunications operator
Fujian Mobile (BVI) Limited	BVI	1 share at HK\$1	100%	_	Investment holding company
Fujian Mobile Communication Company Limited* ("Fujian Mobile")	PRC	RMB5,247,480,000	-	100%	Mobile telecommunications operator
Henan Mobile (BVI) Limited	BVI	1 share at HK\$1	100%	-	Investment holding company
Henan Mobile Communication Company Limited* ("Henan Mobile")	PRC	RMB4,367,733,641	-	100%	Mobile telecommunications operator
Hainan Mobile (BVI) Limited	BVI	1 share at HK\$1	100%	-	Investment holding company
Hainan Mobile Communication Company Limited* ("Hainan Mobile")	PRC	RMB643,000,000	_	100%	Mobile telecommunications operator
Beijing Mobile (BVI) Limited	BVI	1 share at HK\$1	100%	_	Investment holding company

	Place of	Particulars of issued	Proport ownership		
Name of company	incorporation and operation	and paid up	Held by the Company	Held by	Principal activity
Beijing Mobile Communication Company Limited*	PRC	RMB6,124,696,053	-	100%	Mobile telecommunications operator
Shanghai Mobile (BVI) Limited	BVI	1 share at HK\$1	100%	-	Investment holding company
Shanghai Mobile Communication Company Limited*	PRC	RMB6,038,667,706	_	100%	Mobile telecommunications operator
Tianjin Mobile (BVI) Limited	BVI	1 share at HK\$1	100%	-	Investment holding company
Tianjin Mobile Communication Company Limited*	PRC	RMB2,151,035,483	_	100%	Mobile telecommunications operator
Hebei Mobile (BVI) Limited	BVI	1 share at HK\$1	100%	-	Investment holding company
Hebei Mobile Communication Company Limited* ("Hebei Mobile")	PRC	RMB4,314,668,600	-	100%	Mobile telecommunications operator
Liaoning Mobile (BVI) Limited	BVI	1 share at HK\$1	100%	-	Investment holding company
Liaoning Mobile Communication Company Limited*	PRC	RMB5,140,126,680	_	100%	Mobile telecommunications operator
Shandong Mobile (BVI) Limited	BVI	1 share at HK\$1	100%	-	Investment holding company
Shandong Mobile Communication Company Limited*	PRC	RMB6,341,851,146	_	100%	Mobile telecommunications operator
Guangxi Mobile (BVI) Limited	BVI	1 share at HK\$1	100%	_	Investment holding company

	Place of	Particulars of issued	Proport ownership	interest	
Name of company	incorporation and operation	and paid up capital	Held by the Company	-	Principal activity
Guangxi Mobile Communication Company Limited*	PRC	RMB2,340,750,100	_	100%	Mobile telecommunications operator
Anhui Mobile (BVI) Limited	BVI	1 share at HK\$1	100%	-	Investment holding company
Anhui Mobile Communication Company Limited* ("Anhui Mobile")	PRC	RMB4,099,495,494	-	100%	Mobile telecommunications operator
Jiangxi Mobile (BVI) Limited	BVI	1 share at HK\$1	100%	_	Investment holding company
Jiangxi Mobile Communication Company Limited* ("Jiangxi Mobile")	PRC	RMB2,932,824,234	-	100%	Mobile telecommunications operator
Chongqing Mobile (BVI) Limited	BVI	1 share at HK\$1	100%	-	Investment holding company
Chongqing Mobile Communication Company Limited* ("Chongqing Mobile")	PRC	RMB3,029,645,401	-	100%	Mobile telecommunications operator
Sichuan Mobile (BVI) Limited	BVI	1 share at HK\$1	100%	_	Investment holding company
Sichuan Mobile Communication Company Limited* ("Sichuan Mobile")	PRC	RMB7,483,625,572	_	100%	Mobile telecommunications operator
Hubei Mobile (BVI) Limited	BVI	1 share at HK\$1	100%	_	Investment holding company

		Particulars	Proportion of ownership interest		
	Place of incorporation	of issued and paid up	Held by the	Held by	
Name of company	and operation	capital	Company	-	Principal activity
Hubei Mobile Communication Company Limited* ("Hubei Mobile")	PRC	RMB3,961,279,556	_	100%	Mobile telecommunications operator
Hunan Mobile (BVI) Limited	BVI	1 share at HK\$1	100%	-	Investment holding company
Hunan Mobile Communication Company Limited* ("Hunan Mobile")	PRC	RMB4,015,668,593	-	100%	Mobile telecommunications operator
Shaanxi Mobile (BVI) Limited	BVI	1 share at HK\$1	100%	-	Investment holding company
Shaanxi Mobile Communication Company Limited* ("Shaanxi Mobile")	PRC	RMB3,171,267,431	-	100%	Mobile telecommunications operator
Shanxi Mobile Communication (BVI) Limited	BVI	1 share at HK\$1	100%	-	Investment holding company
Shanxi Mobile Communication Company Limited* ("Shanxi Mobile")	PRC	RMB2,773,448,313	-	100%	Mobile telecommunications operator
Neimenggu Mobile BVI	BVI	1 share at HK\$1	100%	_	Investment holding company
Neimenggu Mobile*	PRC	RMB2,862,621,870	_	100%	Mobile telecommunications operator
Jilin Mobile BVI	BVI	1 share at HK\$1	100%	_	Investment holding company

	Place of incorporation	Particulars of issued and paid up	Proport ownership Held by the	interest Held by	
Name of company	and operation	capital	Company	subsidiary	Principal activity
Jilin Mobile*	PRC	RMB3,277,579,314	_	100%	Mobile telecommunications operator
Heilongjiang Mobile BVI	BVI	1 share at HK\$1	100%	_	Investment holding company
Heilongjiang Mobile*	PRC	RMB4,500,508,035	_	100%	Mobile telecommunications operator
Guizhou Mobile BVI	BVI	1 share at HK\$1	100%	-	Investment holding company
Guizhou Mobile*	PRC	RMB2,541,981,749	_	100%	Mobile telecommunications operator
Yunnan Mobile BVI	BVI	1 share at HK\$1	100%	-	Investment holding company
Yunnan Mobile*	PRC	RMB4,137,130,733	_	100%	Mobile telecommunications operator
Xizang Mobile BVI	BVI	1 share at HK\$1	100%	-	Investment holding company
Xizang Mobile*	PRC	RMB848,643,686	-	100%	Mobile telecommunications operator
Gansu Mobile BVI	BVI	1 share at HK\$1	100%	-	Investment holding company
Gansu Mobile*	PRC	RMB1,702,599,589	_	100%	Mobile telecommunications operator
Qinghai Mobile BVI	BVI	1 share at HK\$1	100%	_	Investment holding company

Name of company	Place of incorporation and operation	Particulars of issued and paid up capital	Proport ownership Held by the Company		Principal activity
Qinghai Mobile*	PRC	RMB902,564,911		100%	Mobile telecommunications operator
Ningxia Mobile BVI	BVI	1 share at HK\$1	100%	_	Investment holding company
Ningxia Mobile*	PRC	RMB740,447,232	_	100%	Mobile telecommunications operator
Xinjiang Mobile BVI	BVI	1 share at HK\$1	100%	_	Investment holding company
Xinjiang Mobile*	PRC	RMB2,581,599,600	_	100%	Mobile telecommunications operator
Zhongjing Design Institute BVI	BVI	1 share at HK\$1	100%	_	Investment holding company
Jingyi Design Institute*	PRC	RMB160,232,500	_	100%	Provision of telecommunications network planning design and consulting services
CMC BVI	BVI	1 share at HK\$1	100%	_	Investment holding company
CMC*	PRC	RMB1,641,848,326	-	100%	Network and business coordination center
China Mobile Holding Company Limited*	PRC	US\$30,000,000	100%	_	Investment holding company
China Mobile (Shenzhen) Limited*	PRC	US\$7,633,000	_	100%	Provision of roaming clearance services
Aspire Holdings Limited	Cayman Islands	НК\$93,964,583	66.41%	_	Investment holding company

Name of company	Place of incorporation and operation	Particulars of issued and paid up capital	Proport ownership Held by the Company	interest Held by	Principal activity
Aspire (BVI) Limited	BVI	US\$1,000	_	100%	Investment holding company
Aspire Technologies (Shenzhen) Limited*	PRC	US\$10,000,000	-	100%	Technology platform development and maintenance
Aspire Information Network (Shenzhen) Limited*	PRC	US\$5,000,000	_	100%	Provision of mobile data solutions, system integration and development
Aspire Information Technologies (Beijing) Limited*	PRC	US\$1,000,000	-	100%	Technology platform development and maintenance
Fujian FUNO Mobile Communication Technology Company Limited ("Fujian FUNO") (Formerly known as "Fujian Nokia Mobile Communication Techno Company Limited")	PRC	US\$3,800,000	_	51%	Network planning and optimising construction-testing and supervising, technology support, development and training of Nokia GSM 900/1800 Mobile Communication System

\* Companies registered as wholly-foreign owned enterprises in the PRC.

## 18 Interest in associates

	The	The Group		
	2004 RMB million	2003 RMB million		
Unlisted shares, at cost Capital contributions, at cost	21 9	37 9		
Less: Provision for impairment	30 (30)	46 (30)		
	_	16		

Details of the associates, all of which are unlisted corporate entities, are as follows:

Name of associate	Place of incorporation and operation	Proportion of ownership interest held by subsidiary	Principal activity
China Motion United Telecom Limited	Hong Kong	30%	Provision of telecommunications services
Shenzhen China Motion Telecom United Limited	PRC	30%	Provision of telecommunications services

Fujian FUNO (Formerly known as "Fujian Nokia Mobile Communication Technology Company Limited") was an associated company of the Group as at 31 December 2003. During the year, the Group acquired additional equity interest in Fujian FUNO and thus Fujian FUNO became a subsidiary of the Group.

## **19** Investment securities

	Th	e Group
	2004 RMB million	
Unlisted equity securities in the PRC, at cost	77	77

## 20 Deferred tax assets and liabilities

The components of deferred tax assets/(liabilities) recognised in the consolidated balance sheet and the movements during the year for the Group are as follows:

#### Deferred tax assets and liabilities recognised and the movements during 2004

R	At 1 January 2004 MB million	Additions on acquisition of subsidiaries RMB million	Credited/ (charged) to consolidated income statement RMB million	At 31 December 2004 RMB million
Deferred tax assets arising from:				
Provision for obsolete inventories Write-down and write-off of fixed assets	23	_	7	30
relating to network equipment	1,025	_	1,201	2,226
Amortisation of deferred revenue	69	_	(69)	
Income recognition on prepaid service fee	e 479	—	(437)	42
Provision for certain operating expenses	367	115	394	876
Provision for doubtful accounts	1,300	78	(484)	894
	3,263	193	612	4,068
Deferred tax liabilities arising from:				
Capitalised interest	(97)	(4)	(4)	(105)
Total	3,166	189	608	3,963

## 20 Deferred tax assets and liabilities (cont'd)

Deferred tax assets and liabilities recognised and the movements during 2003

RM	At 1 January 2003 B million	Additions on acquisition of subsidiaries RMB million	Credited/ (charged) to consolidated income statement RMB million	At 31 December 2003 RMB million
Deferred tax assets arising from:				
Provision for obsolete inventories	16	_	7	23
Write-down and write-off of fixed assets				
relating to network equipment	200	_	825	1,025
Amortisation of deferred revenue	154	—	(85)	69
Income recognition on prepaid service fee	3,259	—	(2,780)	479
Provision for certain operating expenses	_	—	367	367
Provision for doubtful accounts	1,362	<u> </u>	(62)	1,300
	4,991		(1,728)	3,263
Deferred tax liabilities arising from:				
Capitalised interest	(58)		(39)	(97)
Total	4,933	_	(1,767)	3,166

	The	The Group		
	2004 RMB million	2003 RMB million		
Net deferred tax assets recognised in the consolidated balance sheet Net deferred tax liabilities recognised	4,068	3,263		
in the consolidated balance sheet	(105)	(97)		
Balance at 31 December	3,963	3,166		

## 21 Deferred expenses

		The Group and the Company		
		2004 RMB million	2003 RMB million	
Balance at 1 January Less: Amortisation for the year		143 (47)	190 (47)	
Balance at 31 December		96	143	
	i			

# 22 Amounts due from/to ultimate holding company and amount due to immediate holding company

Amounts due from/to ultimate holding company are unsecured, non-interest bearing, repayable on demand and arose in the ordinary course of business (see note 34).

At 31 December 2004, amount due to immediate holding company included in non-current liabilities primarily represented the balances of the purchase consideration of RMB9,976,000,000 and RMB13,657,000,000 for acquisition of subsidiaries in 2002 and 2004 respectively.

The balances of the purchase consideration for acquisitions of subsidiaries in 2002 and 2004, are unsecured, bear interest at the rate of two year US dollar LIBOR swap rate per annum (for the year ended 31 December 2003: 3.801 per cent. per annum and for the year ended 31 December 2004: 2.595 to 3.801 per cent. per annum) and are not expected to be settled within one year. The balances of the purchase consideration for the acquisitions of subsidiaries in 2002 and 2004 are due on 1 July 2017 and 2019 respectively.

The balances are subordinated to other senior debts owed by the Company from time to time including the convertible notes. The Company may make early payment of all or part of the balances at any time before the date without penalty.

# 22 Amounts due from/to ultimate holding company and amount due to immediate holding company (cont'd)

The movements of amount due to immediate holding company included in non-current liabilities are as follows:

	The Group a	The Group and the Company		
	2004 RMB million	2003 RMB million		
Balance at 1 January Addition during the year	9,976 13,657	15,176		
Less: Repayments during the year		(5,200)		
Balance at 31 December	23,633	9,976		

The current portion of amount due to immediate holding company represented interest payable on the unpaid balances of the purchase consideration, which is expected to be settled within one year.

#### 23 Accounts receivable

Accounts receivable, net of provision for doubtful accounts, are all outstanding for less than three months with the following ageing analysis:

	The	The Group		
	2004 RMB million	2003 RMB million		
Within 30 days 31 – 60 days	5,339 666	5,121 545		
61 – 90 days	548	450		
	6,553	6,116		

Balances are due for payment within one month from date of billing. Customers with balances that are overdue or exceed credit limits are required to settle all outstanding balances before any further phone calls can be made.

# 24 Other receivables

Other receivables primarily comprise receivables from sales agents of revenue collected on behalf of the Group, utilities deposits and rental deposits.

# 25 Cash and cash equivalents

	The C	Group	The Company		
	2004 RMB million	2003 RMB million	2004 RMB million	2003 RMB million	
Deposits with banks — within three months of maturity Cash at banks and in hand	7,100 38,049	5,696 33,433	2,074 63	2,339 16	
	45,149	39,129	2,137	2,355	

# 26 Bank loans and other interest-bearing borrowings

#### (a) The Group

			2004			2003	
		Current	Non-current		Current	Non-current	
		liabilities	liabilities	Total	liabilities	liabilities	Total
	Note	RMB million					
Bank loans	(c)	315	_	315	1,853	672	2,525
Other loans	(c)	2,140	_	2,140	6,253	_	6,253
Fixed rate notes	(d)	_	_	_	4,984	_	4,984
Convertible notes	(e)	5,725	_	5,725	_	5,735	5,735
Bonds	(f)	_	13,000	13,000	_	13,000	13,000
		8,180	13,000	21,180	13,090	19,407	32,497

All of the above bank and other loans are unsecured.

As at 31 December 2004, other loans include designated loans borrowed from China Mobile Communications Corporation ("China Mobile"), the ultimate holding company, totalling RMB2,140,000,000 (2003: RMB6,170,000,000), which bear interest at 3.45 per cent. (2003: 3.57 per cent.) per annum with maturities in 2005.

# 26 Bank loans and other interest-bearing borrowings (cont'd)

#### (b) The Company

			2004			2003	
		Current	Non-current		Current	Non-current	
		liabilities	liabilities	Total	liabilities	liabilities	Total
	Note	RMB million					
Fixed rate notes	(d)	_	_	_	4,984	_	4,984
Convertible notes	(e)	5,725	_	5,725	—	5,735	5,735
		5,725	_	5,725	4,984	5,735	10,719

(c) The Group's long-term bank and other loans were repayable as follows:

	Bank loans RMB million	<b>The Group</b> Other loans RMB million	<b>Total</b> RMB million
At 31 December 2004:			
On demand or within one year (note 26(a))	315	_	315
After one year but within two years		_	
	315	_	315
At 31 December 2003:			
On demand or within one year (note 26(a))	1,203	6,253	7,456
After one year but within two years	672	_	672
	1,875	6,253	8,128

The current portion of long-term bank and other loans are included in the current liabilities of bank and other loans as set out in note 26(a) above.

#### (d) Fixed rate notes

On 2 November 1999, the Company issued unsecured fixed rate notes (the "notes") with a principal amount of US\$600,000,000 at an issue price equal to 99.724 per cent. of the principal amount of the notes, due on 2 November 2004. The notes bear interest at the rate of 7.875 per cent. per annum and such interest is payable semi-annually on 2 May and 2 November of each year, commencing 2 May 2000. The notes were fully redeemed during the year.

# 26 Bank loans and other interest-bearing borrowings (cont'd)

#### (e) Convertible notes

- (i) On 3 November 2000, the Company issued convertible notes (the "Notes") in an aggregate principal amount of US\$690,000,000 at an issue price equal to 100 per cent. of the principal amount of the Notes. The Notes bear interest at the rate of 2.25 per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually on 3 May and 3 November of each year commencing 3 May 2001. Unless previously redeemed, converted or purchased and cancelled, the Notes will be redeemed at 100 per cent. of the principal amount, plus any accrued and unpaid interest on 3 November 2005. The Notes are unsecured, senior and unsubordinated obligations of the Company.
- (ii) The Notes are convertible at any time on or after 3 December 2000 and before the close of business on the third business day prior to the earlier of (1) the maturity date of 3 November 2005 or (2) the redemption date fixed for early redemption, at an initial conversion price, subject to adjustment in certain events, of HK\$59.04 per share.
- (iii) During the year, no Notes were converted into ordinary shares of the Company.

#### (f) Bonds

(i) On 18 June 2001, Guangdong Mobile issued guaranteed bonds with a principal amount of RMB5,000,000,000 (the "Ten-year Bonds") at an issue price equal to the face value of the bonds.

The Ten-year Bonds bear interest at a floating rate, adjusted annually from the first day of each interest payable year and payable annually. The bonds, redeemable at 100 per cent. of the principal amount, will mature on 18 June 2011 and the interest will be accrued up to 17 June 2011. Incidental costs incurred in relation to the issue of the bonds are amortised on a straight-line basis over the period from the date of issue to the date of maturity.

(ii) On 28 October 2002, Guangdong Mobile issued five-year guaranteed bonds (the "Five-year Bonds") and fifteen-year guaranteed bonds (the "Fifteen-year Bonds"), with a principal amount of RMB3,000,000,000 and RMB5,000,000,000 respectively, at an issue price equal to the face value of the bonds.

# 26 Bank loans and other interest-bearing borrowings (cont'd)

(f) Bonds (cont'd)

The Five-year Bonds and the Fifteen-year Bonds bear interest at the rate of 3.5 per cent. per annum and 4.5 per cent. per annum respectively and payable annually. They are redeemable at 100 per cent. of the principal amount and will mature on 28 October 2007 and 28 October 2017 and the interest will be accrued up to 27 October 2007 and 27 October 2017 respectively.

The Company has issued a joint and irrevocable guarantee (the "Guarantee") for the performance of the above bonds. China Mobile has also issued a further guarantee in relation to the performance by the Company of its obligations under the Guarantee.

# 27 Obligations under finance leases

As at 31 December 2004, the Group had obligations under finance leases repayable as follows:

	The Group					
	(	2004			2003	
	Present	Interest		Present	Interest	
	value of the	expense	Total	value of the	expense	Total
	minimum	relating	minimum	minimum	relating	Minimum
	lease	to future	lease	lease	to future	lease
	payments	periods	payments	payments	periods	payments
	RMB million	RMB million	RMB million	RMB million	RMB million	RMB million
Within 1 year	68	3	71	68	3	71

## 28 Accounts payable

Accounts payable primarily includes payables for network expansion projects expenditure, leased lines and interconnection expenses.

The ageing analysis of accounts payable as at 31 December is as follows:

		The Group		
	(	2004	2003	
		RMB million	RMB million	
Amounts payable in the next:				
1 month or on demand		22,815	14,066	
2–3 months		3,119	3,348	
4–6 months		2,773	2,198	
7–9 months		2,465	1,966	
10–12 months		3,864	3,647	
		35,036	25,225	
			)	

# 29 Deferred revenue

Deferred revenue includes primarily prepaid service fees received from subscribers and deferred tax credit of purchase of domestic telecommunications equipments. Prepaid service fees are recognised as income when the mobile telecommunications services are rendered upon actual usage by subscribers. Deferred tax credit of purchase of domestic telecommunications equipment is amortised as non-operating income over the remaining lives of the related fixed assets.

Deferred revenue at 31 December 2003 also includes income from assignment of rights. The balance represents the unamortised portion of proceeds received by Guangdong Mobile from certain distributors of telecommunications services pursuant to assignment of rights agreements which were fully amortised during the year.

	Th	The Group		
	2004 RMB million	2003 RMB million		
Balance at 1 January Additions on acquisition of subsidiaries Additions during the year Recognised in income statement	10,164 992 83,375 (80,651)	7,629 — 54,032 (51,497)		
Balance at 31 December Less: Current portion Non-current portion	13,880 (12,936) 944	10,164 (9,476) 688		

#### 30 Employee retirement benefits

(a) As stipulated by the regulations of the PRC, the subsidiaries in the PRC participate in basic defined contribution pension plans organised by their respective Municipal Governments under which they are governed.

Employees in the PRC are entitled to retirement benefits equal to a fixed proportion of their salary at their normal retirement age. The Group has no other material obligation for payment of basic retirement benefits beyond the annual contributions which are calculated at a rate based on the salaries, bonuses and certain allowances of its employees.

Other than the above, certain subsidiaries also participate in supplementary defined contribution retirement plans managed by independent insurance companies whereby the subsidiaries are required to make contributions to the retirement plans at fixed rates of the employees' salary costs or in accordance with the terms of the plans.

(b) The Group also operates a Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme ("the MPF scheme") under the Hong Kong Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance for employees employed under the jurisdiction of the Hong Kong Employment Ordinance. The MPF scheme is a defined contribution retirement scheme administered by independent trustees. Under the MPF scheme, the employer and its employees are each required to make contributions to the scheme at 5 per cent. of the employees' relevant income, subject to a cap of monthly relevant income of HK\$20,000. Contributions to the scheme vest immediately.

# 31 Share capital

	2004 HK\$ million	2003 HK\$ million
Authorised: 30,000,000,000 ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each	3,000	3,000

#### Issued and fully paid:

		2004			2003	
			Equivalent			Equivalent
	No. of shares	HK\$ million	RMB million	No. of shares	HK\$ million	RMB million
At 1 January Shares issued under share	19,671,653,899	1,967	2,099	19,671,653,899	1,967	2,099
option scheme (Note 32)	28,985,500	3	3	_	_	_
At 31 December	19,700,639,399	1,970	2,102	19,671,653,899	1,967	2,099

## 32 Equity compensation benefits

Pursuant to a resolution passed at the annual general meeting held on 24 June 2002, the share option scheme established on 8 October 1997 (the "Old Scheme") was terminated and the current share option scheme (the "Current Scheme") was adopted.

Under the Old Scheme, the directors of the Company may, at their discretion, invite employees, including executive directors of the Company or any of its subsidiaries, to take up options to subscribe for shares of the Company. Under the Current Scheme, the directors of the Company may, at their discretion, invite employees, including executive directors and non-executive directors of the Company, any of its holding companies and any of their respective subsidiaries and any entity in which the Company or any of its subsidiaries holds any equity interest, to take up options to subscribe for shares of the Company.

The maximum aggregate number of shares which can be subscribed for pursuant to options that are or may be granted under the above schemes equals to 10 per cent. of the total issued share capital of the Company as at the date of adoption of the Current Scheme. Options lapsed or cancelled in accordance with the terms of the Old Scheme or the Current Scheme will not be counted for the purpose of calculating this 10 per cent. limit. The consideration payable for the grant of each option under each of the Old Scheme and the Current Scheme is HK\$1.00.

For options granted before 1 September 2001 under the Old Scheme, the exercise price of options was determined by the directors of the Company at their discretion provided that such price may not be set below a minimum price which is the higher of:

- (i) the nominal value of a share; and
- 80 per cent. of the average of the closing price of the share on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "SEHK") on the five trading days immediately preceding the date on which the option was granted.

With effect from 1 September 2001, the SEHK requires that the exercise price of options to be at least the higher of the nominal value of a share, the closing price of the shares on the SEHK on the date on which the option was granted and the average closing price of the shares on the SEHK for the five trading days immediately preceding the date on which the option was granted.

For options granted under the Current Scheme, the exercise price of options shall be determined by the directors of the Company at their discretion provided that such price may not be set below a minimum price which is the highest of:

- (i) the nominal value of a share;
- (ii) the closing price of the shares on the SEHK on the date on which the option was granted; and
- (iii) the average closing price of the shares on the SEHK for the five trading days immediately preceding the date on which the option was granted.

Under both the Old Scheme and the Current Scheme, the term of the option is determined by the directors at their discretion, provided that all options shall be exercised within 10 years after the adoption of the scheme (in the case of the Old Scheme) and within 10 years after the date on which the option is granted (in the case of the Current Scheme).

(a) Movements in share options

	The	The Group		
	2004	2003		
	Number of	Number of		
	shares	shares		
	involved	involved		
	in the options	in the options		
At 1 January	258,964,000	262,970,500		
Granted	290,176,000	_		
Exercised	(28,985,500)	—		
Cancelled	(9,343,500)	(4,006,500)		
At 31 December	510,811,000	258,964,000		
Options vested at 31 December	112,008,750	58,738,250		

(b) Terms of unexpired and unexercised share options at balance sheet date

			2004 Number of	2003 Number of
Date granted	Exercise period	Exercise price	shares involved in the options	shares involved in the options
26 November 1999	26 November 1999 to 7 October 2007	HK\$33.91	1,000,000	3,500,000
26 November 1999	26 November 2002 to 7 October 2007	HK\$33.91	1,000,000	3,500,000
25 April 2000	25 April 2002 to 7 October 2007	HK\$45.04	14,185,000	14,686,000
25 April 2000	25 April 2005 to 7 October 2007	HK\$45.04	14,185,000	14,686,000
22 June 2001	22 June 2003 to 7 October 2007	HK\$32.10	36,244,500	37,052,250
22 June 2001	22 June 2006 to 7 October 2007	HK\$32.10	36,244,500	37,052,250
3 July 2002	3 July 2004 to 2 July 2012	HK\$22.85	59,579,250	74,243,750
3 July 2002	3 July 2007 to 2 July 2012	HK\$22.85	59,579,250	74,243,750
28 October 2004	28 October 2005 to 27 October 2014	HK\$22.75	115,277,400	-
28 October 2004	28 October 2006 to 27 October 2014	HK\$22.75	86,458,050	-
28 October 2004	28 October 2007 to 27 October 2014	HK\$22.75	86,458,050	_
21 December 2004	21 December 2005 to 20 December 201	HK\$26.75 4	240,000	_
21 December 2004	21 December 2006 to 20 December 201	HK\$26.75 4	180,000	_
21 December 2004	21 December 2007 to 20 December 201	HK\$26.75 4	180,000	_
			510,811,000	258,964,000

#### (c) Details of share options granted during the year

Details of share options granted during 2004 are as follows:

Date granted	Exercise period	Exercise price	Number of shares involved in the options
28 October 2004	28 October 2005 to 27 October 2014	HK\$22.75	115,830,400
28 October 2004	28 October 2006 to 27 October 2014	HK\$22.75	86,872,800
28 October 2004	28 October 2007 to 27 October 2014	HK\$22.75	86,872,800
21 December 2004	21 December 2005 to 20 December 2014	HK\$26.75	240,000
21 December 2004	21 December 2006 to 20 December 2014	HK\$26.75	180,000
21 December 2004	21 December 2007 to 20 December 2014	HK\$26.75	180,000
			290,176,000

No share options were granted during 2003.

#### (d) Details of share options exercised during the year

Details of share options exercised during 2004 are as follows:

Date granted	Exercise price	Weighted average closing price per share of the share options exercised	Proceeds received	Number of shares involved in the options
3 July 2002	HK\$22.85	HK\$26.43	HK\$633,424,850	27,721,000
28 October 2004	HK\$22.75	HK\$25.00	HK\$28,767,375	1,264,500
			HK\$662,192,225	28,985,500

No share options were exercised during 2003.

# 33 Reserves

#### (a) The Group

				PRC		
	Share premium	Capital reserve	General reserve	statutory reserves	Retained profits	Total
	RMB million	RMB million	RMB million	RMB million	RMB million	RMB million
At 1 January 2003	374,579	(295,665)	72	24,714	67,466	171,166
Dividends approved in respect of previous year						
(note 12(b))	—	—	—	—	(6,679)	(6,679)
Dividends declared in respect of the current						
year (note 12(a))	—	—	—	—	(3,339)	(3,339)
Net profit for the year	—	—	—	—	35,556	35,556
Transfer to PRC statutory						
reserves				7,972	(7,972)	
At 31 December 2003	374,579	(295,665)	72	32,686	85,032	196,704
At 1 January 2004	374,579	(295,665)	72	32,686	85,032	196,704
Dividends approved in respect of previous year	574,577	(273,003)	12	52,000	03,032	170,704
(note 12(b))	—	—	—	—	(4,174)	(4,174)
Dividends declared in respect of the current						
year (note 12(a))	_	_	_	_	(4,175)	(4,175)
Shares issued under share	700					700
option scheme (note 32)	700	_	—	—		700
Net profit for the year	_	_	_	_	42,004	42,004
Transfer to PRC statutory reserves	_	_	_	9,591	(9,591)	_
At 31 December 2004	375,279	(295,665)	72	42,277	109,096	231,059

# 33 Reserves (cont'd)

#### (b) The Company

	<b>Share</b> premium RMB million	General reserve RMB million	<b>Retained</b> profits RMB million	<b>Total</b> RMB million
At 1 January 2003	374,579	72	23,358	398,009
Dividends approved in respect				
of previous year (note 12(b))	—	—	(6,679)	(6,679)
Dividends declared in respect				
of the current year (note 12(a))	—	_	(3,339)	(3,339)
Net profit for the year (note 11)			25,514	25,514
At 31 December 2003	374,579	72	38,854	413,505
At 1 January 2004 Dividends approved in respect	374,579	72	38,854	413,505
of previous year (note 12(b))	—	_	(4,174)	(4,174)
Dividends declared in respect of the current year (note 12(a))	_	_	(4,175)	(4,175)
Shares issued under share option scheme (note 32)	700	_	_	700
Net profit for the year (note 11)			24,905	24,905
At 31 December 2004	375,279	72	55,410	430,761

At 31 December 2004, the amount of distributable reserves of the Company amounted to RMB55,482,000,000 (2003: RMB38,926,000,000).

#### Share premium

The application of the share premium account is governed by section 48B of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

#### Capital reserve

At 31 December 2004, the debit balance of capital reserve is primarily the result of the elimination of goodwill arising on the acquisition of subsidiaries against the capital reserve in previous years.

#### PRC statutory reserves

PRC statutory reserves include general reserve, enterprise expansion fund, statutory surplus reserve and statutory public welfare fund.

#### 33 Reserves (cont'd)

#### (b) The Company (cont'd)

PRC statutory reserves (cont'd)

In accordance with Accounting Regulations for Business Enterprises, foreign investment enterprises in the PRC are required to transfer at least 10 per cent. of their profit after taxation, as determined under accounting principles generally accepted in the PRC ("PRC GAAP") to the general reserve until the balance of the general reserve is equal to 50 per cent. of their registered capital. Moreover, they are required to transfer a certain percentage of their profit after taxation, as determined under PRC GAAP, to the enterprise expansion fund. During the year, appropriations were made by each of the above subsidiaries to the general reserve and the enterprise expansion fund each at 10 per cent. of their profit after taxation determined under PRC GAAP.

The general reserve can be used to reduce previous years' losses and to increase the capital of the subsidiaries while the enterprise expansion fund can be used to increase the capital of the subsidiaries, to acquire fixed assets and to increase current assets.

Statutory surplus reserve can be used to reduce previous years' losses, if any, and may be converted into paid-up capital, provided that the balance after such conversion is not less than 25 per cent. of the registered capital of the subsidiaries. Statutory public welfare fund can only be utilised on capital items for the collective benefits of the employees such as the construction of staff quarters and other staff welfare facilities. This reserve is non-distributable other than in liquidation.

At 31 December 2004, the balances of the general reserve, enterprise expansion fund, statutory surplus reserve and statutory public welfare fund were RMB18,394,000,000 (2003: RMB13,562,000,000), RMB23,646,000,000 (2003: RMB18,890,000,000), RMB102,000,000 (2003: RMB100,000,000) and RMB135,000,000 (2003: RMB134,000,000) respectively.

# 34 Related party transactions

(a) Companies are considered to be related if one company has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control the other company or exercise significant influence over the other company in making financial and operating decisions. Companies are also considered to be related if they are subject to common control or common significant influence.

The Group has also significant transactions with China Mobile (the Company's ultimate holding company) and its subsidiaries, other than the Group, (the "China Mobile Group"). The following is a summary of principal related party transactions carried out by the Group with China Mobile Group for the years ended 31 December 2004 and 2003. The majority of these transactions also constitute connected transactions under the Listing Rules. Further details of these transactions are disclosed under the paragraph "Connected Transactions" in the directors' report.

		2004	2003
- <u></u>	Note	RMB million	RMB million
Interconnection revenue	(i)	2,438	6,010
Interconnection charges	(ii)	2,117	6,290
Leased line charges	(iii)	132	515
Spectrum fees	(iv)	303	508
Operating lease charges	(v)	281	264
Roaming billing processing fees	(vi)	22	194
Equipment maintenance service fees	(vii)	81	57
Construction and related service fees	(viii)	287	313
Purchase of transmission tower and transmission			
tower-related service and antenna maintenance			
service fees	(ix)	148	84
Prepaid card sales commission income	(x)	142	281
Prepaid card sales commission expenses	(x)	155	283
Technology platform development and maintenance			
service income	(xi)	25	22
Telecommunications lines maintenance service fees	(xii)	54	44
Interest paid/payable	(xiii)	645	906

# 34 Related party transactions (cont'd)

#### Notes:

- (i) A mobile telephone user using roaming services is charged at the respective roaming usage rate and applicable long distance charges for roaming in calls. Interconnection revenue represents domestic and international roaming in usage charges and applicable long distance charges from non-subscribers received or receivable from the relevant domestic and international mobile telecommunication operators through the China Mobile Group.
- (ii) A mobile telephone user using roaming services is charged at the respective roaming usage rate and applicable long distance charges for roaming out calls. Interconnection charges represent the amount of domestic and international roaming out charges and applicable long distance charges received or receivable from subscribers which is to be remitted to the relevant domestic and international mobile telecommunication operators for their share of revenue through the China Mobile Group.
- (iii) Leased line charges represent expenses paid or payable to the China Mobile Group for the use of inter-provincial leased lines which link the Group's mobile switching centres together and with other mobile switching centres of the China Mobile Group.
- (iv) Spectrum fees represent the spectrum usage fees paid or payable to the China Mobile Group for the usage of the frequency bands allocated to the Company's subsidiaries in the PRC.
- (v) Operating lease charges represent the rental and property management fees paid or payable to the subsidiaries of China Mobile for operating leases in respect of land and buildings and others.
- (vi) Roaming billing processing fees represent the amounts paid or payable to the China Mobile Group for the provision of the roaming billing processing services to the Company's subsidiaries.
- (vii) Equipment maintenance service fees represent the amounts paid or payable to subsidiaries of China Mobile for the provision of the maintenance services to the Company's subsidiaries.
- (viii) Construction and related service fees represent the amounts paid or payable to subsidiaries of China Mobile for the provision of telecommunications projects planning, design and construction services and telecommunications lines and pipeline construction services to the Company's subsidiaries.
- (ix) This represents payments made by Hebei Mobile to acquire transmission towers from a subsidiary of China Mobile and expenses paid or payable to the relevant subsidiary of China Mobile for the provision of transmission towers related services and antenna maintenance services provided to Hebei Mobile; and payment made by the Group to Hubei Communications Services Company, a subsidiary of China Mobile, in respect of the purchase of transmission towers and for the provision of transmission tower related services.
- Prepaid card sales commission income and commission expenses represent handling charges received/receivable from subsidiaries of China Mobile to the Company's subsidiaries or paid/payable by the Company's subsidiaries to subsidiaries of China Mobile in respect of prepaid card services.

# 34 Related party transactions (cont'd)

Notes (cont'd):

- (xi) Technology platform development and maintenance service income represents the amounts received or receivable from the China Mobile Group in respect of equipment charges, systems integration fees, software licensing fees, technical support fees and/or major overhaul charges for the mobile information service centre platform.
- (xii) Telecommunications lines maintenance service fees represent the amounts paid or payable by Anhui Mobile, Jiangxi Mobile, Chongqing Mobile, Sichuan Mobile, Hubei Mobile, Hunan Mobile, Shaanxi Mobile and Shanxi Mobile to the relevant subsidiaries of China Mobile for the provision of telecommunications lines maintenance services.
- (xiii) Interest paid/payable represents the interest paid or payable to China Mobile and CMHK BVI in respect of the designated loans borrowed and the balance of purchase consideration for acquisition of subsidiaries.
- (b) Pursuant to a resolution passed at the extraordinary general meeting held on 16 June 2004, the Company acquired the entired share capital of Neimenggu Mobile BVI, Jilin Mobile BVI, Heilongjiang Mobile BVI, Guizhou Mobile BVI, Yunnan Mobile BVI, Xizang Mobile BVI, Gansu Mobile BVI, Qinghai Mobile BVI, Ningxia Mobile BVI, Xinjiang Mobile BVI, Zhongjing Design Institute BVI and CMC BVI from CMHK BVI, the immediate holding company of the Company, for a total consideration of US\$3,650,000,000 (equivalent to RMB30,210,000,000). The total consideration was satisfied by cash. The only assets of each of Neimenggu Mobile BVI, Jilin Mobile BVI, Heilongjiang Mobile BVI, Guizhou Mobile BVI, Yunnan Mobile BVI, Xizang Mobile BVI, Gansu Mobile BVI, Qinghai Mobile BVI, Ningxia Mobile BVI, Xinjiang Mobile BVI, Zhongjing Design Institute BVI and CMC BVI are their interests in the entire equity of Neimenggu Mobile, Jilin Mobile, Heilongjiang Mobile, Guizhou Mobile, Yunnan Mobile, Xizang Mobile, Gansu Mobile, Qinghai Mobile, Ningxia Mobile, Xinjiang Mobile, Jingyi Design Institute and CMC respectively.

# 35 Commitments

#### (a) Capital commitments

Capital commitments outstanding at 31 December 2004 not provided for in the financial statements were as follows:

	The Group		The Company		
	2004	2003	2004	2003	
	RMB million	RMB million	RMB million	RMB million	
Commitments in respect of land and buildings — authorised and contracted					
for	1,249	911	—	—	
— authorised but not contracted for	2,354	2,751	_		
	3,603	3,662	_	_	
Commitments in respect of telecommunications equipment — authorised and contracted for — authorised but not contracted for	10,370 30,640 41,010	6,622 28,886 35,508			
<b>Total commitments</b> — authorised and contracted for — authorised but not contracted for	11,619 32,994 44,613	7,533 31,637 39,170			

# 35 Commitments (cont'd)

#### (b) Operating lease commitments

At 31 December 2004, the total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases are payable as follows:

		The	٦	The Company		
	Land and buildings RMB million	Leased lines RMB million	<b>Others</b> RMB million	<b>Total</b> RMB million	Land and buildings RMB million	
At 31 December 2004:						
Within one year	1,220	1,945	454	3,619	2	
After one year but						
within five years	2,693	920	1,387	5,000	—	
After five years	1,122	225	117	1,464		
	5,035	3,090	1,958	10,083	2	
At 31 December 2003:						
Within one year	1,007	3,786	245	5,038	2	
After one year but						
within five years	2,558	2,978	255	5,791	—	
After five years	1,324	253	167	1,744		
	4,889	7,017	667	12,573	2	

The Group leases certain land and buildings, leased lines and other equipment under operating leases. None of the leases includes contingent rentals.

# 36 Post balance sheet events

After the balance sheet date the directors proposed a final dividend. Further details are disclosed in note 12(a).

#### 37 Ultimate holding company

The directors consider the ultimate holding company at 31 December 2004 to be China Mobile Communications Corporation, a company incorporated in the PRC.